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Dear Customer:

Thank you for hiring Miller Solar to install your Outback Power System. This manual describes the operation of the Mate 3, the device that controls the equipment and provides you with essential readings.

The equipment comes with manuals that contain way more information than the user needs. The document you are reading is abbreviated from 190 pages down to about 11. The most important points are highlighted. Please familiarize yourself with this abbreviated manual and keep it handy

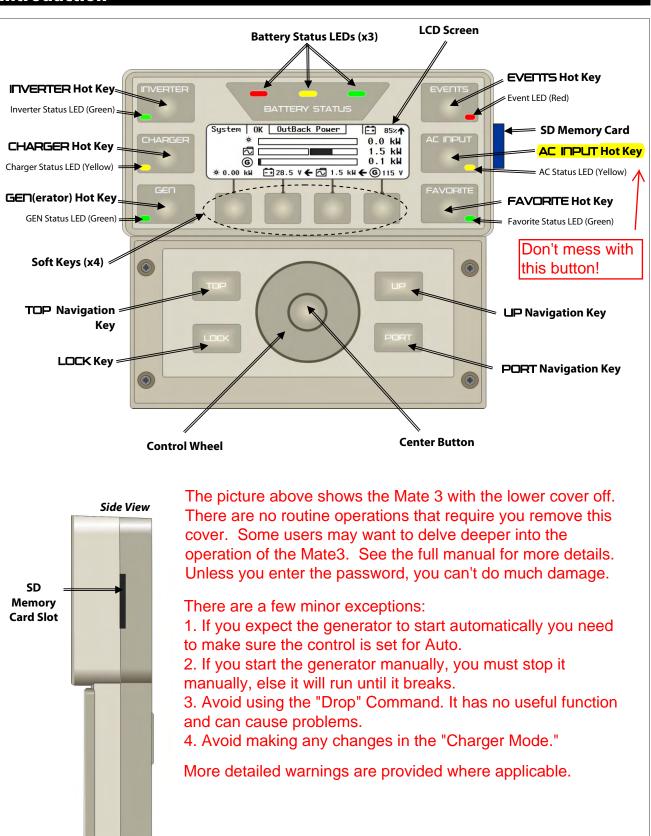


In case of problems, we can talk you through most problems over the telephone.

The most important thing is to take care of your batteries. We will provide information and training on the proper care and feeding of your battery bank.

MATE3 System Display and Controller Owner's Manual

Introduction



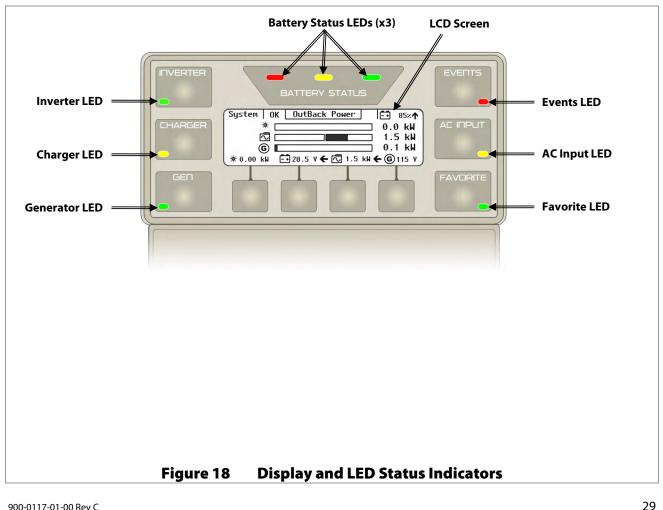




Below is an overview of the Mate 3 controller. The unit will allow you to read critical values on your power system, make some adjustments and initiate important operations, such as starting the generator or starting an equalization charge (see attached battery instructions).

We have deleted unnecessary information so you do not need to read more than the minimum, enhancing your understanding of the really important points. We will provide training on the use and maintenance of your system.

if you wish to learn more about your Mate3 and associated equipment, please refer to the complete manual sets.



Display and LED Status Indicators

Operation

LED Status Indicators

The actual battery voltages are a more reliable gauge on battery charge status.

Battery LEDs

Three LEDs provide a visual reference to indicate the condition of the battery bank.

- A GREEN LED means the batteries have an adequate charge at that time. It does not always mean they are full. If an FNDC is installed, this means the batteries are ≥ 80% State of Charge (SOC).
- A YELLOW LED means the batteries are somewhat discharged. If an FNDC is installed, this means the batteries are ≥ 60% and ≤ 70%.
- A RED LED means the batteries are greatly discharged and may require attention. If an FNDC is installed, this means the batteries are < 60%. May be accompanied by an event indicator and a *Low Battery V* error. (See pages 31 and 43.)

Color	12 Vdc Unit	24 Vdc Unit, ± 0.2 Vdc	36 Vdc Unit, ± 0.3 Vdc	48 Vdc Unit, ± 0.4 Vdc	Battery Status
GREEN	12.5 Vdc or higher	25.0 Vdc or higher	37.5 Vdc or higher	50.0 Vdc or higher	ACCEPTABLE
YELLOW	11.5 to 12.4 Vdc	23.0 to 24.8 Vdc	34.5 to 37 2 Vdc	<mark>46.0 to 49.6 Vdc</mark>	USABLE
RED	11.4 Vdc or lower	22.8 Vdc or lower	34.2 Vdc or lower	45.6 Vdc or lower	LOW

Table 2Battery Status LEDs

NOTES:

> Gaps in the table (higher-voltage units) are due to the resolution of the inverter's DC meter.

- These voltage settings are not the same as the inverter's Low Battery Cut-Out voltage. (See page 88.) The Battery LED settings cannot be changed.
- > Voltages higher than shown in the GREEN row usually means that the batteries are charging.

Inverter LED (green)

This LED is located on the **INVERTER** hot key. (See page 55.) It provides a visual reference for the status of the inverter operation.

- > **ON** (solid) inverter is converting DC to AC in order to power loads.
- ON (flashing) the inverter is in Search mode. Not recommended.
- OFF (not illuminated)
 - the inverter is not converting DC power to AC power, or
 - the AC input source is powering the loads.

In stacked configurations, the master inverter controls this LED status. If any inverters in a stacked system have a different inverting status from the master, this LED will not display their status.

Charger LED (yellow)

This LED is located on the **CHARGER** hot key. (See page 56.) It provides a visual reference for the status of the battery charger.

- ON (illuminated) a device on the HUB is delivering more than a minimal amount of charging power. The device may be an inverter or a charge controller.
- > **ON** (flashing) the batteries are being equalized.
- > **OFF** (not illuminated) no device is actively charging the batteries, for several reasons.
 - ~ the charger(s) may be functional, but in a quiescent state such as Silent.
 - ~ the charger(s) may be functional, but the charging sources may be disconnected or unavailable.
 - ~ the charger(s) may be turned off.

Generator LED (green)

This LED is located on the **GE** hot key. (See page 59.) It provides a visual reference for the status of a generator that is controlled by the Advanced Generator Start (AGS) function. (See page 115.)

- ON (illuminated) The generator is detected to be running after receiving an ON command in the Generator Status menu. The MATE3 determines the generator is running based on input AC voltage (if the generator type is AC). This LED will usually illuminate in conjunction with the AC INPLIT LED. This LED will only illuminate when an AC generator is used.
- OFF (not illuminated) The Generator Status menu has been set to OFF, or the AGS function has not been enabled. If the generator shuts down or stops delivering power, this LED will remain on until a generator fault is declared.

Events LED (red)

This LED is located on the **EVENTS** hot key. (See page 61.) It indicates that an event requires acknowledgement. Generally, this LED only illuminates when a fault occurs.

- ON (solid) An error has occurred. This is usually accompanied by inverter shutdown. This event can also indicate a generator fault if the voltage is lost from an automatic generator. (See page 59.)
- > **ON** (flashing) A warning has occurred.
- OFF (not illuminated) No particular status. Events may be logged in Event History, but they do not require attention.

This LED will remain on until the event has been acknowledged in the *Event Status Detail* menu. (See page 61.) It may be necessary to troubleshoot and deal with the cause of the event. (See pages 42, 43, and 150.) Specific error or warning messages are defined in the inverter *Operator's Manual*.

AC Input LED (yellow)

This LED is located on the AC INPLIT hot key. (See page 62.) It provides a visual reference for the status of the AC input.

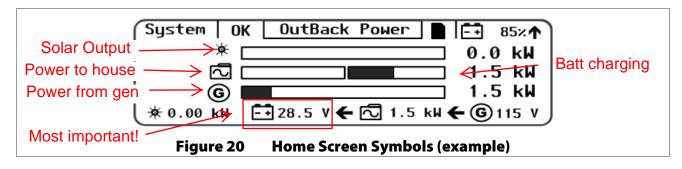
- ON (solid) The AC source is connected and providing power. Unit may or may not be charging the batteries, depending on settings.
- ON (flashing) The AC source is present but has not been accepted. If flashing continues, the unit is refusing the source. This can occur for the following reasons.
 - The AC source may have quality issues. To determine system warnings for AC source problems see page 55 for the Warnings menu. To view AC source measurements see page 62.
 - ~ In the AC INPLIT hot key menu, the AC Input Status is set to Drop. See page 62.
 - The HBX function or the Grid Use Time function intentionally disconnected the inverter.
 (See page 124 and page 125 for descriptions of these functions.)
- > **OFF** (not illuminated) No AC source is detected.

In stacked configurations, the master inverter controls this LED status. If any inverters in a stacked system have a different AC input status from the master, this LED will not display their status.

There is no reason to press the AC Input button, and you can do some harm. Specifically, you don't want to use the "Drop Command".

Home Screens

The Home screen appears after the MATE3 detects any devices that are connected to it. Home screens contain icons and meter bars that display various types of information depending on the system type selected. There are three different Home screens depending on the system type selected.



Meter Bars

Much of the Home screen data is shown by kilowatt meters in the form of black bars. These meter bars expand to the right or to the left with an increase in wattage. The meter bars next to the various icons are based on *System Information* listed on page 74. The scale of a bar will vary with the size set for each element. (Not all data is present in all cases. See Home Screen Types below.)

- The meter bar represents the charge controller output and is scaled according to the Array Wattage setting.
- The left meter bar represents inverter output and is scaled to the *Gen kW Rating* setting. If *Gen Type* is set to DC, this bar is scaled to the *Max Inverter kW* setting.
- > The right 💭 meter bar represents the inverter's charger output and is scaled to the *Max Charger kW* setting.
- > The (G) meter bar represents the generator output and is scaled to the *Gen kW Rating* setting.
- The left \$ meter bar represents the power bought from the grid and is scaled to the total of the Max Inverter kW and Max Charger kW settings.
- The right \$ meter bar represents the amount of power sold by the inverter and is scaled to the Max Inverter kW setting.
- In the Grid Tied Home screen, the meter bar represents the amount of power being used by the loads and is scaled to the *Max Inverter kW* setting, if the inverter is not in PassThru mode. If the inverter is in PassThru, then it is equal to 7.2 kW multiplied by the number of inverters present on the HUB. For details on PassThru mode see the *Operator's Manual* for the inverter.
- > In the Backup Home screen, the meter bar is scaled differently. Please see page 36 for details.

See pages 34 through 36 for the icons and meter bars that are used with each Home screen.

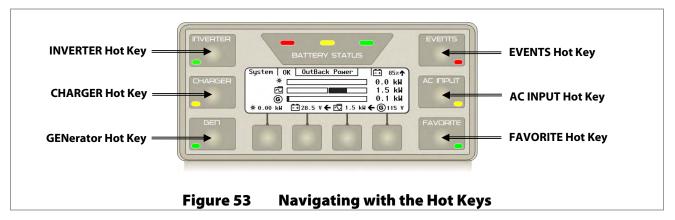
The meter at the top of the page gives you an overview of power flow. It will show you:

- * How much solar charge is coming in,
- * How much power is going to your house
- * How much power is coming from the generator
- * how much power is going into the batteries for charging.

The most important value is the battery voltage. If your system is 48 volts, any voltage above 48 means the batteries are more than half charge. Less than 48 volts, less than half charged. The lowest you should see is 45, the highest is about 60. We will provide more details on these values during your training.

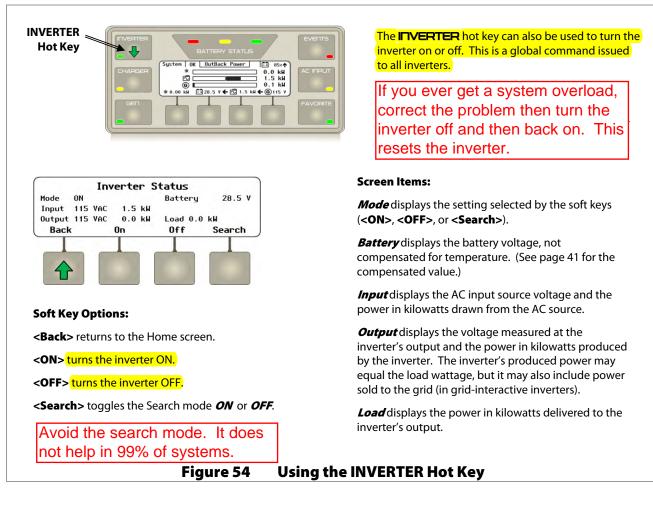
Hot Keys

Six hot keys are available to navigate through the most commonly used operational screens. Some screens will have operational options, such as ON, OFF, or AUTO. Some will show current operational status for that function. Status, mode, and measurements are the collective status of the system, not of an individual inverter, unless specified otherwise.



INVERTER Hot Key

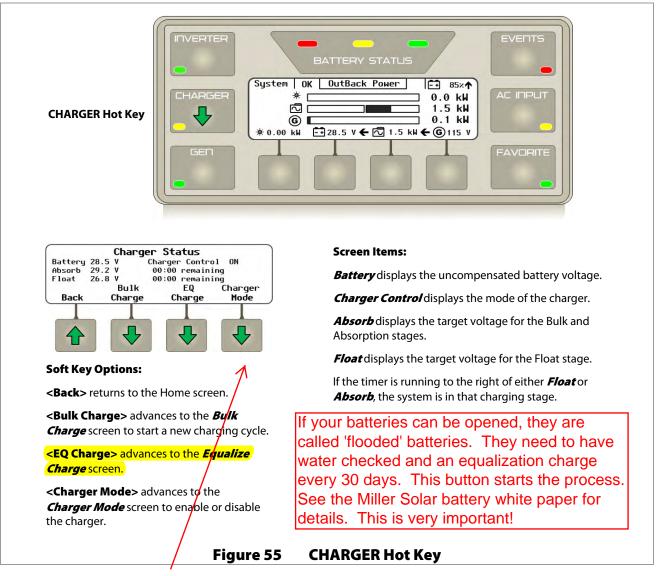
The **INVERTER** hot key displays the *Inverter Status* screen. The *Inverter Status* screen displays the current inverter mode, input and output voltage and wattage, battery voltage, and load draw.



CHARGER Hot Key

The **CHARGER** hot key displays the *Charger Status* screen. The *Charger Status* screen displays the current charger mode, battery voltage, absorb and float voltage settings and timers. Soft key options include starting or stopping the charger, which is a global command issued to all inverters in the system. Other options include starting or the bulk or equalization charge functions, which are global commands issued to all inverters and charge controllers in the system.

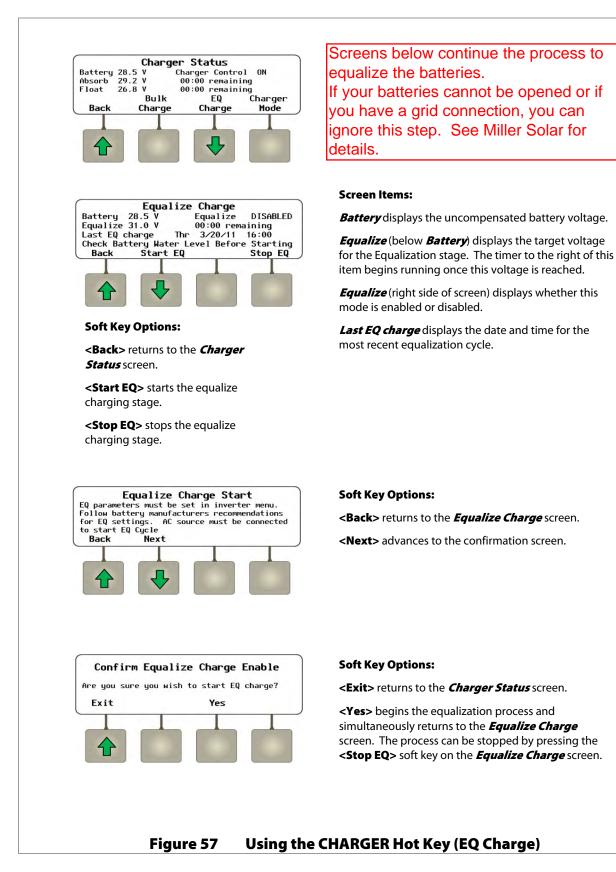
NOTE: The charging information displayed on this screen is for inverters only. In a multiple inverter system, the master inverter controls this status. If an inverter or charge controller has a different charging status from the master inverter, this screen will not display its status.



This key allows you to make bad choices about battery charging operations. We suggest you stay away from this menu.

Operation

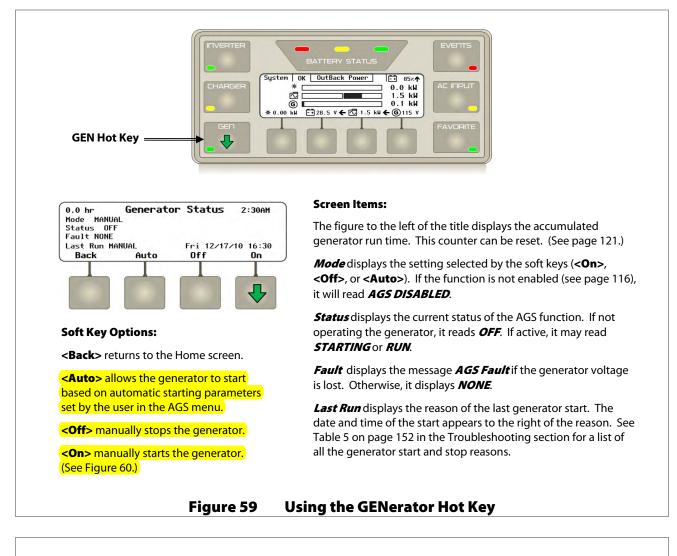
From the **CHARGER** hot key's *Charger Status* screen, the **<EQ Charge>** soft key brings up a series of screens that can turn on the battery equalization process.



900-0117-01-00 Rev C Abbreviated Manual for Mate 3 Prepared by Miller Solar For emergencies: 805-438-5600

GENerator Hot Key

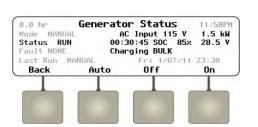
The **GE** hot key displays the *Generator Status* screen. The *Generator Status* screen displays information on the Advanced Generator Start (AGS) mode. Soft key options include: <**Back**>, **<Auto>**, **<Off>**, and **<On>**.



When **<On>** is pressed, generator data appears on the right side of the screen.

- The first line displays the generator's AC voltage and the number of kilowatts being used from the generator.
- The second line displays the updated status **RUN**, the length of time since the start command was sent, the battery state of charge (**SOC**), and the battery voltage. (If no battery monitor is present, the SOC field will be blank.)
- The third line displays the charging stage.

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NOTE: The generator can only be started if the AGS mode is enabled in *AGS Setup* (see page 116). If it is not enabled, this information will not appear.

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Figure 60 Generator Status Screen

END OF ABBREVIATED MANUAL